

# The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 11.

The Universal Peace Union should shut up shop for a while.

Colonel W. Jennings Bryan will now have a chance to show what he knows about tactics and drilling.

The cables have of late not been overburdened with congratulatory messages from the Spanish ministers to Admiral Cervera.

The press censorship is doing great good. The real news comes along all right. It is only the fake yellow papers that are making a kick.

The country is anxiously awaiting the arrival of Admiral Camara and his Cadiz reserve squadron in American waters. It will be a case of "next" when they get there.

The surrender of Santiago de Cuba harbor defenses and the capture or destruction of Admiral Cervera's ships is the beginning of the end; the latter is not far off.

With several tax collectors in the territory, the provisos of the law cut noise; it is therefore not to be wondered at that there are large deficits in the territorial and in several county treasuries.

"And in those days the young men shall see visions and the old men dream dreams." "Those days" seem to have fallen upon Spain. If the news sent out from Madrid has anything to do with the matter.

The New Mexican makes a specialty of mining news. These are presented in correct, condensed and reliable manner. Read this journal if you would keep up with the mineral development of the territory.

English papers have a funny idea of matrimony. One of the London papers advises as follows: Before you go to war, say one prayer; before going to sea, say two prayers; before marrying, say three prayers.

Madrid still has the sweet satisfaction of reading in the papers of the city of great Spanish victories and of fearful American losses. But that satisfaction will be over soon and what then? For even in Madrid truth must sooner or later prevail.

The St. Petersburg Novist says: "The war must end. America must ordinarily subordinate her wishes to the judgment of the powers." Thanks, friend, for this advice, but the people of the United States can take care of themselves and think "the powers be blown."

Manila paper promises to become very fashionable among young ladies as correspondence parchment. It will indicate that writers intend to bring matters to a close in a hurry and the fellow who receives a missive will answer the question, "Dewey want her?" in the affirmative without further parley.

Uncle Sam is growing. Soon there will be a chain of his possessions reaching from the east to the west of such an extent that Great Britain will be compelled to say that "the sun never sets upon the countries belonging to Sam and me," which will be but a slight modification of the popular expression on the "tight little isle."

Japan does not like the idea of helping pay the expenses of the war between this country and Spain and protests against the additional duty on tea. That is another proof of the assertion that the foreigner and not the consumer pays the tariff on imported articles. A violent outbreak of free trade rabies may be expected at once from the Cobdenites in this country.

Major General Merritt was absolutely correct when he said recently at San Francisco: "What the navy has won, the army will hold." That's the talk and the great majority of the people of this country will stand by it. The sugar trust can not prevent the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, of the Philippines and of Porto Rico. The people of this country are bigger than the sugar trust.

It is claimed by the military authorities that the sinking of the Merrimac was a piece of extravagance on the part of the American admiral commanding the fleet off the entrance to the harbor at Santiago; that a vessel which did not cost nearly so much money could have been used for the purpose just as effectively. That may all be true, but suppose the admiral did not have a cheaper cork on hand at the time it was required, what then?

A philosophical individual, in the days of Franklin, remarked that the meagrest man on earth was the one whose only motive was jealousy. Judging from the criticisms which have been made on the conduct of the war coming from some of the eastern papers, that remark has lost none of its original force. The men who are doing the greater part of the fault finding would win much more respect if they would be honest and confess that there are men in the world who knew more about warfare than they do.

Mrs. Madge Kendall, the English actress, must have been ignored by some newspaper, for she is very bitter on newspapers in general and newspaper men in particular. In a letter written recently she says:

"I loathe newspapers, and have persuaded my husband to my way of thinking. None is ever found in my house, and I never allow my servants to read them. I have never shaken hands with any one connected with the press, and am not going to imperil my hopes of future salvation by doing so now."

Great Scott! Madge must have been mad when she wrote that. She is evidently getting old.

The war revenue measure, which imposes a tax of some kind or another on the American people, is now a law. The rapidity with which that act will reduce some of the richest persons in the country to abject poverty will cause a smile to spread over the land. But the systematic manner in which business is conducted these days will prevent any sudden or miraculous shrinkage in property belonging to corporations and great firms, while the example set by the chewing gum concerns will have a salutary effect upon the returns made to the internal revenue department.

Delegate Ferguson's bill granting the territory certain public lands in advance of statehood has passed both houses and is now in the hands of the president; there is every reason to believe that the president will sign it and that it will become law very shortly. The bill gives to the territory sections 16 and 36 in every township for the support of common schools; 50 sections of the unappropriated non-mineral lands for the erection of public buildings at the state capital; two townships and 65,000 additional acres for university purposes; 100,000 acres for an agricultural college; 500,000 acres for permanent water reservoirs for irrigating purposes; 100,000 acres for the improvement of the Rio Grande in New Mexico; 50,000 acres each for an insane asylum, a school of mines, an institution for the deaf and dumb, an institution for the blind, a miners' hospital, a military institute and a territorial penitentiary; 100,000 acres are given for the maintenance of normal schools and the palace in Santa Fe is also granted to the territory. The lands to which New Mexico will be entitled when admitted to the Union, and which are not granted by this bill, will be bestowed upon it at that time.

## The International Mining Congress in Salt Lake.

The international mining congress, which will convene in Salt Lake City, July 6, and continue until the 9th, will have a goodly representation of mining operators and minerals from New Mexico. The congress is a permanent organization, and is the outgrowth of the international gold mining convention held in Denver in July, 1897.

This body has petitioned congress to create a department of mines and mining, with a secretary at its head, who shall be a member of the president's cabinet, and has taken all necessary steps to secure legislation to open for public research the areas of mineral bearing lands embraced within Spanish land grants. This question is of the greatest importance to New Mexico, for when the grants are thrown open to prospectors, it will cause a great rush to this region.

For the protection of the prospector and operator, the re-codification and arrangement of the federal mining laws are being agitated.

It has already succeeded in effecting a reduction of the tariff on cyanide, thus enabling hundreds of low grade mines to treat their product at a profit, and is thoroughly advertising the resources of the west on the eastern and foreign money markets.

To more clearly indicate the scope, influence and character of the organization, it may be said that the Denver convention had the immediate effect of attracting large amounts of eastern capital to the Colorado gold and silver fields, and the effects of their zealous work is still being felt. It showed prospective investors that mining rests on the same basis as other industries and warranted an organized and associated strength.

Thinking men of scientific knowledge and practical experience from all sections of the world, representing special conditions, met and interchanged practical ideas of the greatest importance. Every operator in the territory should take an interest in the coming proceedings, for capitalists from all sections seeking investments will congregate there and the advantage gleaned from faithful representation of New Mexico's resources will be felt for years to come. Every new invention for saving gold and extracting the metals from refractory ores will be shown by models and explained in detail, and the experience gained will be of inestimable value to those in attendance.

The basis of representation is arranged as follows: The governor of each state and territory to name 30 delegates; at large, the county commissioners of each county to name 5 delegates; the mayor of each city and town 5, and 1 additional for each 10,000 population or fraction thereof; each mining bureau, 5; mining exchange and real estate exchanges, 5; chambers of commerce and

boards of trade, 5; each miners' union, 5; each trade and labor assembly, 5; all other commercial bodies, 5 delegates.

The local executive committee at Salt Lake City is as follows: Heber M. Wells, governor of Utah, chairman; W. D. Johnson, secretary; John Derr, Angus M. Cannon, O. J. Salisbury, C. E. Allen, O. W. Powers, Jas. T. Hammond, W. H. Dickson, Reed Smoot and W. W. Cluff. All communications relating to the congress should be addressed to W. D. Johnson, secretary, Salt Lake City, Utah.

The coming session will be in no sense partisan and all questions of a political character are to be laid aside. It is desired that all papers read and subjects discussed be confined to mines and mining and kindred topics.

Special excursions to the more important mining districts within reach of Salt Lake City will be arranged, enabling delegates and visitors to inspect some of the more prominent mines, mills and smelters in the inter-mountain region. Special rates will be in effect from all points, and ample accommodations will be available during the session.

## MINES AND MINING

Statements of the Production and Development of Various Properties During the Past Week.

## WANTS COCHITI ORES

Mining Men Getting Down to Business in All Territorial Localities—New Companies Organizing.

Operations throughout the territory during the past week indicate that the New Mexico mining men have "got down to business" for the season in dead earnest and that a plentiful supply of "yellow boys" and "big iron dollars" will remunerate their labor. Reports from the out-of-the-way district show that development work is forging steadily ahead, while the high grade propositions are making regular shipments. Elizabethtown, Hematite and the Cochiti show surprising activity and gratifying results. In the case of the former place, it appears that the region has shaken off an era of lethargy and will again blossom out as one of the banner gold regions of the territory. The placers there have clearly gained a record of reducing \$5,000,000 and steady and systematic work as carried on at once will increase the amount many millions more. The Cochiti has little to brag of in the matter of past production, but it has many paying properties and machinery is being introduced as fast as possible that will place many mines on a regular dividend paying basis. As usual, Hillsboro is plodding along in the same old businesslike manner, making a big showing and doing no bragging about it. Silver City is saving its regular quota of wood and Cook's Peak is feeding the El Paso smelter as in the past. That New Mexico is getting to the front with both feet as a mineral state is beyond denial. Eastern capitalists should cut this bit of information out and paste it in their hats.

## Territorial Mining Notes.

William Terrett is placer mining in Gold Gulch near La Belle.

A good vein was cut in the Cimarron property near La Belle last week.

Twenty men are placing on Upper Willow creek near Elizabethtown.

S. Matthews is working ten men in the Urrachea placers near Cimarron.

H. J. Francis has finished the annual assessment work on his Red River placers.

Mead & Penn are shipping ore from the Lone mine at Red River. It assays \$40 per ton.

Ore is being taken from the What-It mine at La Belle for treatment at the Hematite mill.

Bragaw & Potter are sinking a shaft on the line of the Modoc and Abigalan mines at Hanover.

Several miners from the Brush Heap mine at Kingston have quit their jobs and started leasing.

Some of the ores from Santa Rita are being shipped to the smelter in Agua Calientes, Mexico, for treatment.

The Iron Bird mine on Sherman Hill near Elizabethtown shipped 15 tons of ore to the Hematite mill last week.

The employees of the Challenge mine at Hematite have begun an attachment suit for wages due. The amount due is \$800.

The 50-foot shaft of the Wildcat mine at Santa Rita, owned by Ashton & Roach, is in ore that assays 10 per cent copper.

The Walsh Bros. have driven a tunnel in 300 feet on the Lone Five tunnel near Elizabethtown. Several good leaders were cut.

The hydraulic plant of the Franklin placers on Red River is one of the best in the west. There is an unlimited water supply for it.

Geo. H. Brown has run the tunnel on the Grand Central mine at La Belle 1,100 feet. It will be continued until the Arapahoe vein is cut.

The Frazier mine at Amizette is reported sold to the Standard Oil company for \$100,000. The property has produced \$30,000 in the past.

The shaft of the Empire mine near Elizabethtown is being sunk. It is now 140 feet deep. Ore is being shipped to the Albion mill at Hematite.

Peterson, Maxey & Elwood are sinking the shaft on the Greenleaf claim, near Elizabethtown, to a depth of 108 feet, when drifting will be started.

J. P. Whitney, of Boston, a stockholder in the Santa Rita Copper & Iron Co., is on the ground and will resume operations on several of the properties which have been idle and are capable of producing.

E. C. Nott has the contract for removing 1,500 yards of surface dirt from the placer ground around the dredging machine of the Argue placers at Elizabethtown. It is cheaper to remove the valueless ground by teams than by the dredge.

David Longsdorf, of Missouri, one of the chief promoters of the business has taken charge of the Albion mill at Hematite. Frank Holmes is the new sampler and Harry Felt weighmaster and bookkeeper. The process is pronounced a success.

Johnson, Larsen & Hooper have a 300 foot contract for driving the Black Copper tunnel near Red River. Three shifts are being worked in the shaft. A shaft is also being sunk on the Goldconda claim, one of the group operated by the Taos Gold Mining & Milling company.

The Santa Rita Copper & Iron company ships three cars of iron ore to Pueblo per day. A majority of the copper ore is handled by the Silver City reduction works. More than 80 men are employed at the mines. A. E. Dawson is superintendent.

The Hanover mine near Fort Bayard was examined last week by an expert. It is thought that the mine and smelter at Copper Flat will be sold to Aspen parties. Mr. Devereux, of that place, will conclude the negotiations and become one of the stockholders. Hon. T. B. Catron, of Santa Fe, is one of the principal owners in the mine.

A company of Chicago and Colorado Springs capitalists have organized for the purpose of purchasing and operating the copper mine at Red River. The property was examined last week and a favorable report returned. Seventy-five thousand dollars has been subscribed for the work.

Three shifts are being worked on the Klondike mine at Elizabethtown and the depth attained is 160 feet. It is thought the main lead sought will be encountered at a depth of 200 feet. There is but little water in the shaft. The shaft timbering is the best in the camp.

H. H. Argue contemplates shortening the big ditch from the head of Red River to the Moreno valley. The 1,000 inches of water in the ditch at its head dwindle to 300 in traveling 45 miles, and it is thought that a majority of this can be saved.

The Maxwell Land Grant company held its annual meeting in Raton last week. Members of the company will exert all possible efforts to encourage prospecting on the grant.

Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion contains the hypophosphites.

These alone make it of great value for all affections of the nervous system.

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## GOLD MINES.

On this Grant near its western boundary are situated the famous Gold Mining Districts of Elizabethtown and Baldy, where mines have been successfully operated for 25 years, and new rich discoveries were made in 1895 in the vicinity of the new camps of Hematite and Harry Bluff as rich as any camp in Colorado, but with lots of as yet unlocated ground open to prospectors on terms similar to, and as favorable as, the United States Government Laws and Regulation.

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ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,  
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

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Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

F. S. DAVIS, W. M.  
J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

JAMES B. BRADY, H. P.  
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

MAX. FROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER, Recorder.

**I. O. O. F.**

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

J. S. CANDELAHO, N. G.  
H. W. SEEVERS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome.

THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P.  
A. F. HANLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 8, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome.

THERRA NEWELL, Noble Grand.  
HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTELAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome.

NATE GOLDBERG, N. G.  
A. F. HANLEY, Secretary.

**K. OF P.**

SANTA FE LODGE No. 1, K. of P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 8:15 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome.

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(Late Surveyor General.)  
Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE.  
Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 107, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS.  
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A. B. REBEHAN,  
Attorney at Law. Practices in all Territorial Courts, County Court of Chaves. Collections and title searching. Rooms 3 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

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**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

MAX. FROST,  
Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS,  
District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

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